



Update on the IASB's activities—contents

Executive summary

- Significant developments since the November 2021 meeting
- Snapshot of what's on the horizon

Detailed descriptions

- Forthcoming documents
- Upcoming deliberations
 - Research projects
 - Standard-setting projects
 - Narrow-scope projects
 - Strategy project











Significant developments since the November 2021 meeting (1/3)

Final amendments issued

Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9—Comparative Information (Amendment to IFRS 17)

Consultation periods ended

- Exposure Draft Management Commentary
- Exposure Draft Disclosure Requirements in IFRS Standards—A Pilot Approach
- Request for information *Post-implementation Review IFRS 9—Classification and Measurement*
- Exposure Draft Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

Consultation documents published*

- Exposure Draft Supplier Finance Arrangements on 26 November with 120-day comment period
- Exposure Draft *Non-current Liabilities with Covenants* on 19 November with 120-day comment period

^{*} Comment periods will have ended by the time of the Advisory Council meeting in April 2022

Significant developments since the November 2021 meeting (2/3)

Third Agenda Consultation

- 1. Decided strategic direction and balance of IASB's activities for 2022-2026
- 2. Decided criteria for assessing priority of financial reporting issues that could be added to IASB's work plan for 2022 to 2026
- 3. Decided to continue progressing projects on current work plan with small exception (see Changes to the work plan below)

Post-implementation reviews (PIRs)

- 1. Agreed on a consistent approach to prioritising matters identified in PIRs
- 2. Decided to begin the PIRs of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the impairment requirements in IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and to consider when to begin the PIRs of IFRS 16 Leases and the hedge accounting requirements in IFRS 9 in H2 2022
- 3. Concluded decision-making on PIRs of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12

Changes to the work plan

- 1. Decided to withdraw research project on Pension Benefits that Depend on Asset Returns
- 2. Decided to withdraw narrow-scope project on Availability of a Refund (Amendments to IFRIC 14)

Significant developments since the November 2021 meeting (3/3)

Engagement with other bodies

- 1. Working with International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) Chair and Vice Chair to facilitate connectivity with the IASB
- 2. Started holding hybrid meetings and re-launched hybrid work approach
- 3. Will hold IFRS Foundation Conference at Leonardo Royal London Bridge Hotel on 23-24 June 2022
- 4. Will hold joint FASB-IASB educational meeting on 30 September 2022

Changes to the IASB—Departures*

- Sue Lloyd, Vice-Chair—appointed as ISSB Vice-Chair
- Tom Scott, Member (on 31 March 2022)
- * From 1 April 2022, four of the 14 IASB member positions are vacant





Forthcoming documents (see slides 14-18)

Project

Pension Benefits that Depend on Asset Returns

Post-implementation Review of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Second Comprehensive Review of the IFRS for SMEs Standard

Next steps

Project Summary expected April 2022

Feedback Statement expected Q2 2022

Narrow-scope amendment expected Q3 2022

Exposure Draft expected Q3 2022

Upcoming deliberations (1/2)

Research projects						
	Business Combinations under Common Control					
Early stage	Dynamic Risk Management	Equity Method				
	Extractive Activities	Goodwill and Impairment				
Later stage	Post-implementation Review of IFRS 9—Classification and Measurement					
(closer to final amendment)	Standard-sett	Standard-setting projects				
Disclosure Initiative—Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures		Disclosure Initiative—Targeted Standards- level Review of Disclosures				
Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity		Management Commentary				
	Primary Financial Statements	Rate-regulated Activities				
Second Comprehensive Review of the IFRS for SMEs Standard						

Upcoming deliberations (2/2)

Narrow-scope projects

Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1)

Provisions—Targeted Improvements

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Strategy project

Third Agenda Consultation

Overall, the IASB is shifting from a period of multiple consultation documents out for comment to a period of significant deliberation of feedback

Requirements coming into effect soon

1 January 2023

IFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts* (including amendments)

Definition of Accounting Estimates

Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)

1 January 2024

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)*

^{*} IASB tentatively decided to defer the effective date of the amendments to no earlier than 1 January 2024











Pension Benefits that Depend on Asset Returns

Objective

 Decide whether and how to address a perceived inconsistency in the measurement of a defined benefit obligation when the amount of benefits varies with the return of a specified pool of assets

Conclusion

- The IASB decided to remove this research project from its work plan because:
 - there is not enough evidence that these benefits are widely offered
 - the cost to complete the project could be substantial due to some complexities in the approach
 - the proposed approach could be seen as an exception to the general measurement requirements in IAS 19 *Employee Benefits*

Next milestone

Publish project summary

Post-implementation Review of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12

Objective

Assess whether IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 are working as intended

Topics in the Request for Information (Dec 2020)

Consolidated reports

Joint arrangements

Disclosures

Conclusion

- All 12 IASB members concluded that IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 are working as intended.
- Based on its analysis and deliberation of the feedback, the IASB decided that topics identified in the Post-implementation Review were not of high enough priority to be added to the IASB's work plan of active projects or research pipeline for 2022 to 2026
- The IASB commented that if stakeholders required more immediate support on application questions, questions can be submitted to the IFRS Interpretations Committee

Next milestone

Publish Feedback Statement



Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Objective

 Improve the measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions —particularly those with variable payments

Proposed amendments to IFRS 16

 Specify subsequent measurement requirements for the lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction

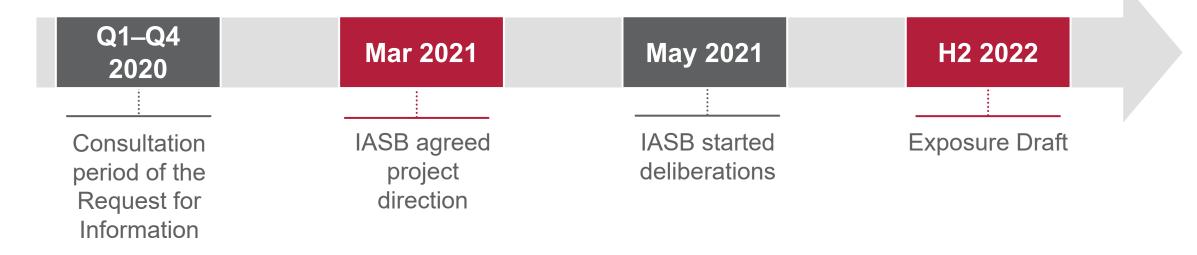
Project update

- The IASB tentatively decided to confirm many of its proposals in the Exposure Draft
- The IASB, however, proposed to no longer prescribe how a seller-lessee determines the proportion of the right of use the seller-lessee retains or the subsequent measurement mechanics
- The seller-lessee, instead, applies paragraphs 36–46 of IFRS 16 in such a manner that it does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained
- The proposed effective date is 1 January 2024

Next milestone

Issue amendment to IFRS 16 (Q3 2022)

Second Comprehensive Review of the *IFRS for SMEs* Standard—Timeline (1/3)





Update the *IFRS for SMEs* Standard using the alignment approach the IASB consulted on

Alignment is using IFRS Accounting Standards as the starting point, and applying the principles of relevance, simplicity and faithful representation, including the assessment of costs and benefits

Second Comprehensive Review of the *IFRS for SMEs* Standard—Framework (2/3)

Simplified IFRS Standard approach

Align *IFRS for SMEs* Standard with IFRS Accounting Standards

Alignment



Independent Standard approach

Update *IFRS for SMEs* Standard only for specific issues arising from application

Cost

Relevance to SMEs

Would a change make a difference to the decisions of users?

Simplification

Can appropriate simplifications be made?

Benefit

Faithful representation

Does outcome faithfully represent economics?



Second Comprehensive Review of the *IFRS for SMEs* Standard—Main tentative decisions (3/3)





Independent Standard approach

Alignment with IFRS Accounting Standards

Partial alignment with IFRS Accounting Standards

Not to align with IFRS Accounting Standards

Rewrite as new section in the IFRS for SMEs Standard

The Conceptual
Framework for Financial
Reporting

IFRS 3

Business Combinations

IFRS 13

Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 15

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Update current section in the IFRS for SMEs Standard

IFRS 10

Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11

Joint Arrangements

IFRS 9

Expected Credit Loss

No changes to IFRS for SMEs Standard

IFRS 14

Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 16

Leases

IAS 19

Employee Benefits (2011 Amendments)











Business Combinations under Common Control

Objective

Develop reporting requirements to reduce diversity in practice and improve transparency

Preliminary views in Discussion Paper (Nov 2020)

- Specify which method should be applied in which circumstances to reduce diversity in practice and improve transparency in reporting
- Use the **acquisition method** set out in IFRS 3 for combinations that affect investors outside the group
- Use a **book-value method** to be specified in IFRS Accounting Standards in all other cases

Project update

- Start deliberating project scope in March 2022
- Initial focus of deliberations will be on project scope and selection of measurement method(s) to apply
- How to apply the measurement method(s) and other topics to be deliberated subsequently

Next milestone

Dynamic Risk Management

Objective

 Develop an accounting model that will better reflect a company's dynamic risk management process in the financial statements. The process involves understanding and managing the amount, timing and uncertainty caused by interest rate risks

Overview of the DRM model

- Companies dynamically manage the current net open risk position—that is, the net of eligible assets
 and liabilities, including core demand deposits. The risk mitigation intention is the extent of current
 net open position that the company dynamically manages using derivatives
- When designated derivatives are successful in mitigating the repricing risk due to changes in interest rates and achieving the entity's **target profile**, changes in the fair value of such derivatives are recognised in OCI and reclassified to the statement of profit or loss over time

Project update

 The IASB is currently considering the mechanics of the DRM model—which amounts to recognise and where to recognise them in financial statements

Next steps

Continue the redeliberation of key issues identified in the meetings with preparers

Equity Method

Objective

Assess whether application questions with the equity method as set out in IAS 28 Investments in
 Associates and Joint Ventures can be addressed in consolidated and individual financial statements by
 identifying and explaining the principles of IAS 28

Project plan

- Identify application questions in the equity method and decide which of these problems to address
- Address application questions by identifying and explaining the principles that underlie IAS 28

Project update

The IASB directed the staff to research the implications of differences between the principles in IAS
 28 and those in other IFRS Accounting Standards relating to business combinations and consolidation before considering the application questions

Next milestone

Extractive Activities

Objective

 Provide more useful information about exploration and evaluation expenditure and activities accounted for applying IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources by improving the transparency and comparability of this information

Project scope

- Explore developing requirements or guidance to improve the disclosure objectives and requirements about a company's exploration and evaluation expenditure and activities
- Explore removing the temporary status of IFRS 6

Project update

• The IASB directed the staff to perform research to understand: users' information needs; why users do not currently get that information; and the costs of requiring entities to provide that information

Next steps

Goodwill and Impairment

Objective

• Improve information companies provide about their acquisitions at a reasonable cost

staff's work on disclosures and the subsequent accounting for goodwill

Preliminary views	Pr	oject update			
 Disclose management's objective acquisitions and subsequently disperformance against those objective standards 	sclose the stives • The existing	The IASB decided this information equired in financial statements The staff are investigating practic isclosing commercially sensitive takeholders using staff examples	al concerns (eg about information) with		
Retain impairment-only model foSimplify impairment test	•	he staff are analysing specific as not the subsequent accounting for	-		
Do not change recognition of inta separately from goodwill	angibles • D	Discussed feedback in May 2021			
The IASB will redeliberate its preliminary views at future meetings, after considering the feedback on the					

Next milestone

Post-implementation Review of IFRS 9— Classification and Measurement

Objective

• Assess whether the classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 are working as intended

Topics in the Request for Information (Sept 2021)

- Business model, SPPI, Fair value changes in equity instruments
- Presentation of own credit gains and losses
- Modifications to contractual cash flows, Effective interest method, Transition to IFRS 9

Financial assets

Financial liabilities

Other topics

Discussion plan for the Feedback on the Request for Information

The IASB discussed feedback on the Request for Information in March

April/May 2022	Q2/Q3 2022				
Contractual cash flow characteristics*	Business model assessment	Equity instruments and OCI	Modifications to contractual cash flows	Amortised cost and effective interest method	Other matters

Next milestone

Discuss Request for Information Feedback







Disclosure Initiative—Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

Objective

• To permit eligible subsidiaries to apply the disclosure requirements in the draft Standard and the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in IFRS Accounting Standards

Features of proposals in Exposure Draft (July 2021)

- Sets out reduced disclosure requirements for eligible subsidiaries
- A voluntary standard forming part of the IFRS Accounting Standards
- Would reduce costs for preparers and maintain usefulness of the financial statements

Project update

Staff are analysing feedback to discuss with the IASB in April

Next milestone

Discuss Exposure Draft Feedback

Disclosure Initiative—Targeted Standards-level Review of Disclosures

Objective

• Improve the IASB's approach to developing disclosure requirements in a way that enables companies to enhance their judgement and provide more decision-useful information for investors

Main proposals in Exposure Draft (Mar 2021)

- New approach to developing disclosure requirements—requiring compliance with disclosure objectives instead of prescriptive items of information, thus requiring companies to apply judgement
- A new set of disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 and IAS 19 applying the new approach

Project update

- The IASB discussed feedback from fieldwork and feedback from outreach with and comment letters from users:
 - Support for early engagement of the IASB with users and integrated development of disclosure requirements with the rest of the accounting model
 - Some scepticism about whether the proposals would change the behaviours towards applying the disclosure requirements
 - Concerns about the proposals on non-mandatory items of information, including cost to preparers, comparability
 of information and enforceability of the proposals

Next milestone

Discuss Exposure Draft Feedback

Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity

Purpose

• Improve the information that companies provide in their financial statements about financial instruments that they have issued and address challenges with applying IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

Approach

- Explore clarifying IAS 32 classification principles (rather than rewriting IAS 32) to address practice issues
- Provide classification guidance and illustrative examples
- Improve presentation and disclosure

Project update

The IASB made tentative decisions on classification for the following practice issues: financial
instruments with contingent settlement provisions; the effects of applicable laws on contractual terms of
financial instruments; and financial instruments with contractual obligations to deliver cash (or to settle in
such a way that it would be a financial liability) at the discretion of the issuer's shareholders

Next milestone

Publish Exposure Draft

Management Commentary

Objective

• Overhaul IFRS Practice Statement 1 to provide a **comprehensive framework** for preparing management commentary—building on innovations in narrative reporting and focusing on capital market needs

Features of proposals in Exposure Draft (May 2021)

- Focus on information needs of investors and creditors
- Disclosure objectives + supporting guidance
- Would bring together in one report **financial**, **sustainability** and **other** information about matters fundamental to entity's long-term prospects

Project update

- The IASB discussed feedback in March
- Strong investor support for the project, as it addresses common shortcomings in reporting practice
- Support for focus on investors' information needs, but some call for focus on other stakeholders
- Support for proposed **objectives-based approach**, disclosure objectives and areas of content
- Call to work together with the ISSB with suggestions to pause the project to enable that connectivity
- Some suggestions for further integration with **other reporting frameworks** (e.g. <IR> Framework¹)

Next milestone

Discuss Exposure Draft Feedback

RS

Primary Financial Statements (1/3)

Objective

- Improve communication in financial statements
- Focus on information included in the statement of profit or loss

Main proposals in Exposure Draft (Dec 2019)

- Require additional defined subtotals in statement of profit or loss
- Strengthen requirements for disaggregating information
- Require disclosures about management performance measures

Next milestone

Issue IFRS Accounting Standard

Primary Financial Statements—Project status (2/3)

Q1 2021 Q2 2021 Q3 2021 Q4 2021 Q1 2022

✓ Operating profit or ✓ Disaggregation ✓ Financing category, ✓ Initial discussion on ✓ Required line

- loss subtotal and operating category
- Requirement to identify MPMs
- ✓ Statement of cash flows
- Disaggregation
 principles and roles
 of primary financial
 statements and
 the notes
- Profit before financing and income tax and financing category
- ✓ Scope of MPMs

- Financing category, derivatives and hedging instruments and foreign exchanges differences
- Other aspects of definition of MPMs
- Application of aggregation and disaggregation in primary financial statements and the notes

- ✓ Initial discussion on associates and joint ventures
- Initial discussion on analysis of operating expenses
- ✓ Operating profit or loss before depreciation and amortisation (OPDA)
- ✓ Definition of MPMs
- ✓ Investing category
- Initial discussion of unusual income and expenses

- ✓ Required line items
- ✓ MPMs disclosure of reconciliation and initial discussion of tax and NCI
- ✓ MPMs single note, crossreferencing*
- ✓ Initial discussion
 on entities with
 specified main
 business activities*

* To be discussed at the March 2022 IASB meeting

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Primary Financial Statements—Project status (3/3)

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Proposals redeliberated

Remaining to be discussed

Subtotals

Required subtotals; Classification in categories, general model; Associates and joint ventures

Classification by entities with specified main business activities*; remaining issues for investing and financing categories

Management performance measures

Scope and definition; Disclosure of reconciliation

Disclosure of tax and non-controlling interests
Single note*, cross-referencing*, use of columns, relationship with segments and other

Disaggregation and other issues

Roles of primary financial statements and notes; General principles

Direction for unusual income and expenses; Presentation of operating expenses; Direction for disclosure of operating expenses

Statement of cash flows

Definition of unusual income and expenses, related disclosures; Disclosure of operating expenses; Proposals relating to 'other' and other small issues left, including relating to the statement of cash flows

^{*} To be discussed at the March 2022 IASB meeting

Rate-regulated Activities

Objective

 Provide information about the effects of regulatory income, regulatory expense, regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities on companies' financial performance and financial position

Main proposals in Exposure Draft (Jan 2021)

- Require recognition of regulatory assets, regulatory liabilities, regulatory income and regulatory expense
- Reflect **compensation** for goods or services supplied as part of a company's reported financial performance for the period in which it supplies those goods or services
- Measure regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities using a cash-flow-based measurement technique

Project update

- The IASB discussed feedback received on the Exposure Draft (October and November 2021 meetings)
- Discussed plans for redeliberating the proposals in the Exposure Draft (December 2021 IASB meeting)
- Redeliberated proposals in the Exposure Draft relating to the scope (February 2022 IASB meeting)

Next milestone

Issue IFRS Accounting Standard





Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)

Objective

• Improve usefulness of information provided by requiring a consistent approach to determining whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and the exchange rate to use when it is not

Proposed amendments to IAS 21

- Specify when exchangeability between two currencies is lacking and how to make that assessment
- Estimate the spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking
- **Disclose** how the lack of exchangeability affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position, and cash flows

Project update

At its January 2022 meeting the IASB discussed a summary of the feedback on the Exposure Draft.
 The IASB was not asked to make any decisions

Next milestone

Decide project direction

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1)

Objective

 Improve the information about liabilities with covenants provided through classification (as current or non-current), presentation and disclosure in financial statements

Proposed amendments to IAS 1



Comment period ended on 21 March 2022

- Specify that covenants with which an entity must comply **after the reporting period** do not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the end of the reporting period
- Add presentation and disclosure requirements for non-current liabilities subject to covenants
- Clarify situations in which an entity does not have a right to defer settlement

Next milestone

Discuss Exposure Draft Feedback

Provisions—Targeted Improvements

Objective

 Develop proposals for three targeted amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Targeted amendments

- Align requirements for identifying liabilities with Conceptual Framework
- Clarify which costs to include in measure of a provision
- Specify whether discount rates used should reflect entity's own credit risk

Project update

Staff have started developing recommendations for future discussion by the IASB

Next steps

Staff will prepare a project plan for consideration by the IASB

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Objective

Provide information that enable investors to assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on a company's liabilities and cash flows

Proposed amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 Tomment period ends 28 March 2022



- **Describe** the characteristics of an arrangement for which an entity would be required to provide the proposed disclosure
- Add qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements for supplier finance arrangements to meet the disclosure objective
- **Highlight** the required disclosure of liquidity risk and risk management and of non-cash changes in financing liabilities arising from supplier finance arrangements

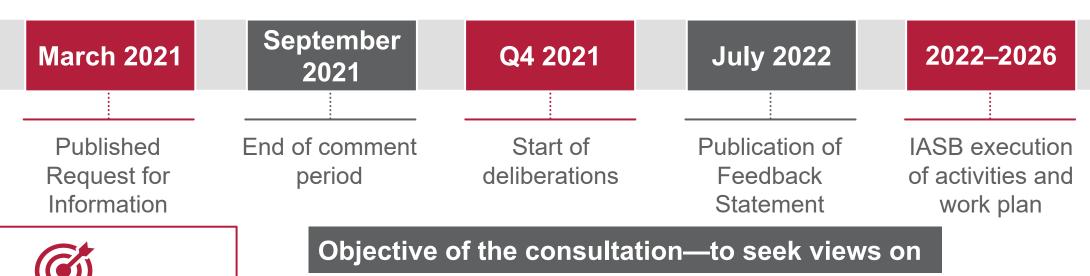
Next milestone

Discuss Exposure Draft Feedback





Third Agenda Consultation





Feedback will help the IASB determine its priorities and work plan from 2022 to 2026.

- the strategic direction and balance of the IASB's activities
- the criteria for assessing the priority of financial reporting 2 issues that could be added to the IASB's work plan
- new financial reporting issues that could be given priority in the 3 IASB's work plan

Strategic direction and balance of the IASB's activities



After considering cross-cutting themes, such as implications of connectivity with the ISSB, and consistent with stakeholders' feedback, the IASB decided:

- to begin no new activities within the current scope of its work; and
- to leave its current level of focus on its main activities largely unchanged.

Activity	Current level of focus	IASB's decision
New Accounting Standards and major amendments	40%–45%	Slightly decrease
Maintenance and consistent application	15%–20%	Leave unchanged
The IFRS for SMEs Standard	5%	Leave unchanged
Digital financial reporting	5%	Slightly increase
Understandability and accessibility of Accounting Standards	5%	Slightly increase (indirect support of maintenance and consistent application)
Stakeholder engagement	20%–25%	Leave unchanged

Criteria for assessing priority of financial reporting issues that could be added to the IASB's work plan



The IASB decided:

- not to reprioritise projects on its current work plan, but to continue working on those projects.
- not to make any changes to the list of criteria but to proceed with the list as proposed in the Request for Information.

Overarching consideration

whether a potential project will meet investors' needs, while taking into account the costs of producing the information

- 1) the importance of the matter to **investors**
- whether there is a **deficiency** in current reporting
- (3) the **type of companies** affected and jurisdictions where the matter is more prevalent
- 4 how **pervasive or acute** the matter is likely to be for companies
- 5 the potential project's interaction with other projects
- 6 the complexity and feasibility of the potential project and its solutions
- 7 the **capacity** of the IASB and its stakeholders to progress the potential project



Financial reporting issues that could be added to the IASB's work plan—to be decided in March–April 2022



- The IASB should not add too many new projects to the work plan as it will need capacity to deal with emerging issues and interaction with the ISSB
- Some projects are related and could be worked on at the same time—for example, intangible assets and cryptocurrencies
- The IASB should work on climate-related risks and pollutant pricing mechanisms (PPM) together with the ISSB

Some of the most commonly suggested projects (in alphabetical order)









Operating segments (highly rated among users)



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